New England SAMHSA Overview 2021

Taylor Bryan Turner, Assistant Regional Administrator Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration U.S. Department of Health and Human Services



RI Overdose Prevention and Intervention Task Force Agenda

- SAMHSA Overview
- Priorities
- Data Snapshot
- Promising Practices
- On The Horizon





Behavioral Health – A National Priority

The Substance Abuse Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) is an agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services that leads public health efforts to advance the behavioral health of the Nation.

Roles:

- Leadership
- Voice
- Data
- Surveillance
- Public Education
- Regulation & Standard Setting Practice Improvement Funding

Behavioral health is essential to health **Prevention works Treatment is effective** People recover

Our mission is to reduce the impact of substance abuse and mental illness on America's communities



The Building Blocks of Recovery







Home



Purpose



Community



New England's Own SAMHSA Regional Administrator

Tom Coderre



Acting Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use at the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)

Tom Coderre is the Acting Assistant Secretary for Mental Health and Substance Use.



SAMHSA's Strategic Plan 2019-2023

Priority Areas

- 1. Combating the Opioid Crisis through the Expansion of Prevention, Treatment, and Recovery Support Services;
- 2. Addressing Serious Mental Illness and Serious Emotional Disturbances;
- 3. Advancing Prevention, Treatment, and Recovery Support Services for Substance Use;
- 4. Improving Data Collection, Analysis, Dissemination, and Program and Policy Evaluation; Behavioral Health Barometer: Rhode Island
- 5. Strengthening <u>Health Practitioner Training and Education</u> https://www.samhsa.gov/about-us/strategic-plan



Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021

Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act

- SAMHSA received \$4.25 billion to provide increased MH and SUD services and support, including:
 - o \$1.65 billion for the Substance Abuse and Prevention Treatment Block Grant;
 - o \$1.65 billion for the Mental Health Services Block Grant;
 - \$600 million for Certified Community Behavioral Health Clinics;
 - o \$50 million for suicide prevention programs;
 - o \$50 million for Project AWARE to support school-based mental health for children;
 - o \$240 million for emergency grants to States; and
 - o \$10 million for the National Child Traumatic Stress Network;
 - o Not less than \$125 million of funds provided to SAMHSA must be allocated to tribes, tribal organizations, urban Indian health organizations, or health service providers to tribes across a variety of programs.
- Regular FY 2021 Labor-Health and Human Services-Education Appropriations
 - o \$6.015 billion for SAMHSA, an increase of \$133 million over FY 2020
 - o \$487 million for the Programs of Regional and National Significance, which includes a number of mental health services programs, such as mental health awareness training and \$4 million for Comprehensive Opioid Recovery Centers as well as \$35 million increase for Mental Health Block Grant



Rhode Island Grant Awards - 2020

RHODE ISLAND Summaries FY 2020

This is a summary, click here for Discretionary Funds in Detail

This is a summary, click here for Non-Discretionary Funds in Detail

Formula Funding

Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant	\$7,995,251	
Community Mental Health Services Block Grant	\$2,748,538	
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)	\$319,176	
Protection and Advocacy for Individuals with Mental Illness (PAIMI)	\$428,000	
Subtotal of Formula Funding	\$11,490,965	

Discretionary Funding

Mental Health	\$8,167,803
Substance Abuse Prevention	\$349,954
Substance Abuse Treatment	\$21,685,884
Flex Grants	\$2,800,000
Subtotal of Discretionary Funding	\$33,003,641

Total Funding

Total Mental Health Funds	\$11,663,517
Total Substance Abuse Funds	\$30,031,089
Total Funds	\$41,694,606



Top Region 1 Behavioral Health Priorities

- Substance Use/Misuse: Alcohol, Methamphetamine & Opioid Addiction
- Mental Health: Depression, Anxiety & Suicide
- Access to Care: Technology and Tele-Health
- Health Promotion & Prevention: Changing Cultural Norms / BH Literacy
- Integrative/Collaborative Care: Primary & Specialty Behavioral Health Care
- Behavioral Health Practitioner Education and Training
- Special Populations: Tribal, Criminal Justice, Veterans

	State	Population	Pop. Density (Sq/Mi)	SUD Prevalence Illicit Drugs (*NSDUH, 2019)	SUD Prevalence Alcohol (*NSDUH, 2019)	SMI Prevalence 2017-2019 (18+ NSDUH, 2019)	Suicide Prevalence Rate 2018 (CDC, 2019)	Any Mental Illness Service Access 2017-2019 (18+ NSDUH, 2019)
1	Rhode Island	1.06 Million	1025	3.00%	6.92%	4.9%	9.5 (106)	51.8%
	Region 1	12,292,629	210	3.1%	6.5%	5.1%	14.45 (1939)	51%
	United States	329,064,917	92.9	2.8%	5.8%	4.8%	14.8 (48,344)	43.6%

^{*}Prevalence Estimate Data taken from 2019 NSDUH Survey



Regional Priorities

- Addressing SUD/OUD and overdose (FIWO) –Surgeon General New England Town Hall
- SMI and Suicide (Federal Collaborative on SMI/SED)
- Diversity, Equity and Inclusion
- Criminal Justice / Recovery Courts
- Harm Reduction Efforts (Naloxone, Syringe Service Programs, other EBPs)
- FEMA Region 1 Recovery Taskforce
- Collaborating with HHS sister agencies on specific initiatives:
 - ACL: collaborating with ADA Office
 - ACF: Whole Family Approach to Jobs, Opportunity Zones, Regional Report
 - OCR, OGC and CMS: PHI, discrimination related projects
 - HRSA: primary care/BH integration in FQHCs, HIV/AIDS, MAT, BH workforce development, HEART Committee
 - OASH: Syringe Services Programs, ASTHO, CHW collaboration
 - ASPR: Disasters, COVID recovery coordination group
- Collaborating with federal agencies outside HHS:
 - HUD: Mayor's challenge to end homelessness, promising practices with SUD
 - DOL, USDA: providing TA and opioid specific grants and programming
 - FEMA: opioid crisis planning, COVID, disasters
- Facilitating TA support for state/local BH authorities
- Scale up Peer Recovery Support Services / Recovery Housing
- Working closely with federally recognized Tribes in Region I who continue to experience high rates of suicide, alcohol/other drug
 use and lack of access to BH services

ACF: COVID-19 The Family, State and Federal Policy

U. S. Department of Health & Human Services
Administration for Children and Families



COVID-19 the Family, State and Federal Policy

Lessons Learned in New England





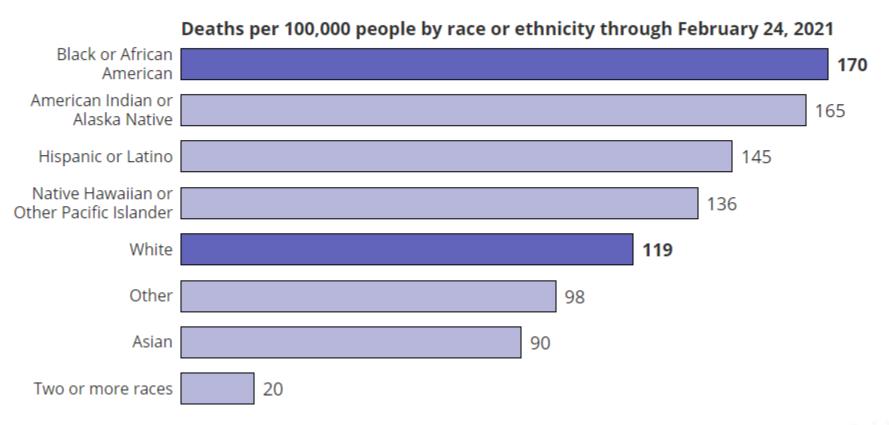
Challenges We're Hearing In New England

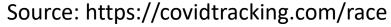
- Increased opioid overdoses across the region
- Increase in alcohol purchases and consumption
- Homelessness and the intersection of SUD
- Increased suicidality NYT Las Vegas link
- Lancet Review of high anxiety, stress, and trauma for COVID-19 survivors
- Youth trauma due to lack of social circles, parental stress due to illness and unemployment
- Burden of isolation and lack of connection (zoom fatigue, higher risk of SUD overdose, drug supply etc.)
- Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion; Communities of Color
- Broadband connectivity



Disparities in COVID-19 Deaths

Nationwide, Black people have died at 1.4 times the rate of white people.







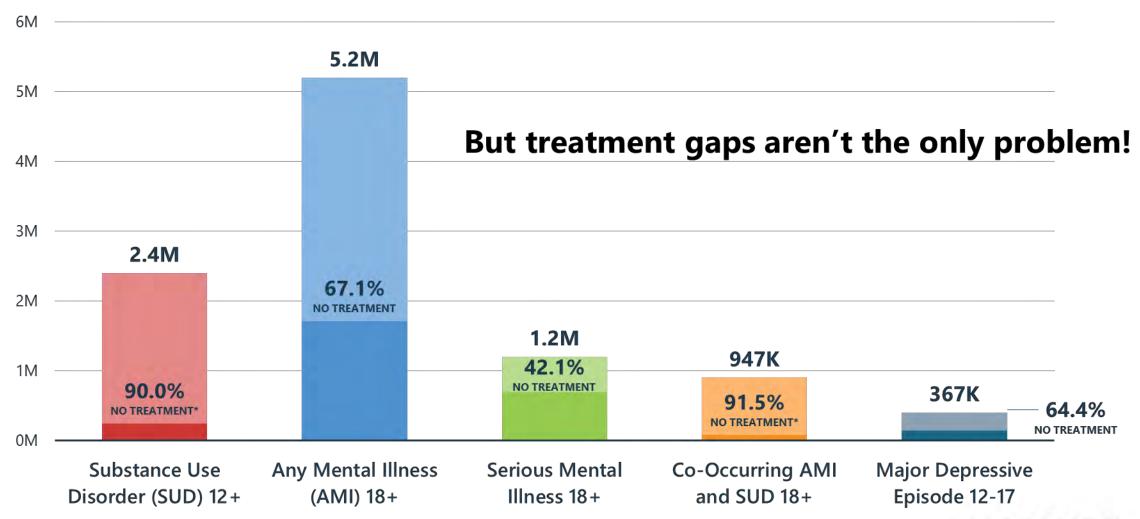
People of Color and COVID-19

- Increased risk for serious illness if they contract COVID-19
 - Due to higher rates of underlying health conditions, such as diabetes, asthma, hypertension, and obesity compared to Whites
- Difficult to social distance or self-isolate at home
 - More likely to live in multigenerational families or low-income and public housing
- Increased risk for work-related exposure
 - Often working in jobs without teleworking option
- Limited access to COVID-19 testing and treatment services
 - More likely to be uninsured and lack a primary care provider
- Increased risk for loss of income
 - More likely to work in service industries such as restaurants, retail, and hospitality



Mental and Substance Use Disorders Among African Americans

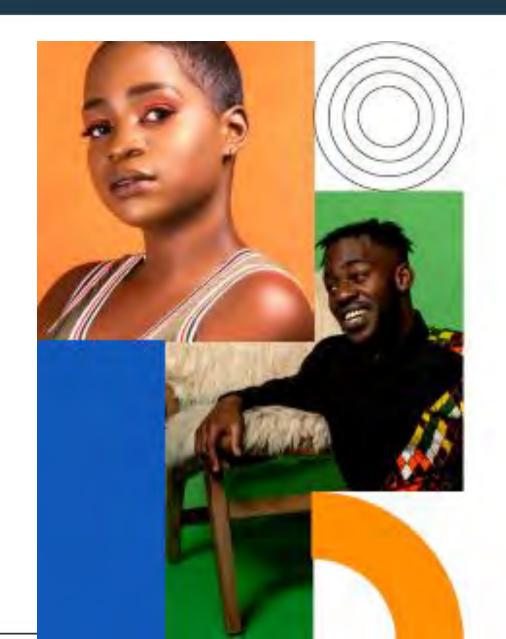
PAST YEAR, 2019 NSDUH, African American 12+



^{*} No Treatment for SUD is defined as not receiving treatment at any location, such as a hospital (inpatient), rehabilitation facility (inpatient or outpatient), mental health center, emergency room, private doctor's office, self-help group, or prison/jail.



Black History Month: Behavioral Health Matters



Diversity Inclusion Project Showcase

SAMHSA's Diversity Inclusion Project Showcase (DIPS) is a new initiative that aims to increase a more diverse pool of historically marginalized populations to grant funding opportunities by providing the chance to showcase their goals and populations served, to federal and state leaders, as well as philanthropic partners in a "Round Robin-style" of innovation.



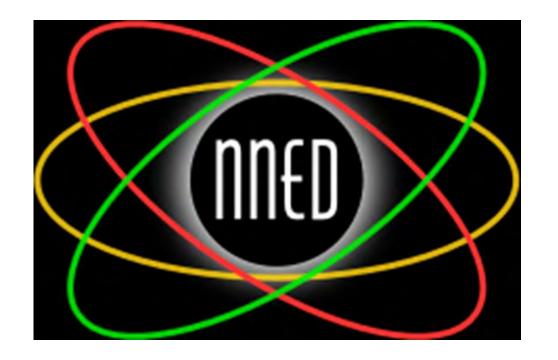
SAMHSA Resources on Diversity and Equity

Black/African American Behavioral Health Equity: Resources on this population include national survey reports, agency and federal initiatives, and related behavioral health resources.

The HBCU Center for Excellence in Behavioral Health:

Recruits and trains students for behavioral health careers and prepares them for obtaining advanced behavioral health degrees.

National Network to Eliminate Disparities in Behavioral Health (NNED): Network of community-based organizations focused on the mental health and substance use issues of diverse racial and ethnic communities The NNED supports information sharing, training, and technical assistance towards the goal of promoting behavioral health equity.





SAMHSA's Technology Transfer Centers in New England

Addiction Technology Transfer Center (ATTC)





Mental Health Technology Transfer Center (MHTTC)



Prevention Technology Transfer Center (PTTC)





Upcoming Events/Trainings and Webinars

ATTC

The Substance Use and Mental Health Leadership Council of Rhode Island:

March 11, 2021 9:00am

Parent Support Network of Rhode Island: Wraparound Training Series:

March 11, 2021 1:00pm



MHTTC

Children's Mobile Crisis Team Model: Lessons Learned:

March 10, 2021 4:00pm

Enhancing Health Professionals' Well-Being: A Structured Approach Utilizing the Adult Resilience Curriculum (ARC):

March 18, 2021 12:00pm

PTTC

Getting to Know the Problem Gambling Councils in New England:

March 17, 2021 1:00pm

Other Partners:

National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) Broadband USA Grant Programs in the Consolidated Appropriations Act of 2021

Wed, Mar 17, 2021 2:00pm



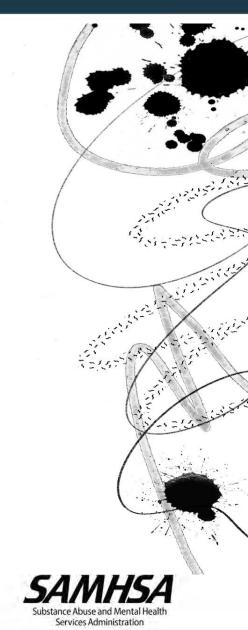
Promising Practices from States Utilization of CARES Funding Across New England

Rhode Island

• **Tele-Buprenorphine Hotline**: Funded 24/7 hotline for telemedicine buprenorphine induction, available 24/7 and supported daily by three physicians affiliated with *Brown University's Warren Alpert School of Medicine*.

Maine

OPTIONS: The Overdose Prevention Through Intensive Outreach Naloxone and Safety (OPTIONS) initiative is a coordinated effort of the Maine Office of Behavioral Health (OBH) and other state agencies to improve the health of Mainers using substances through harm reduction strategies, helping them on the road to recovery, and dramatically reducing the number of fatal and non-fatal drug overdoses.



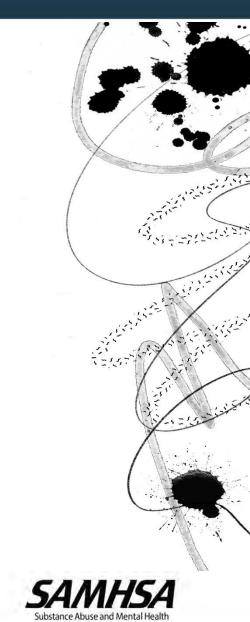
Promising Practices from States Utilization of CARES Funding Across New England

Massachusetts

 COVID-19 specific groups: Women who experience post partum depression from increased isolation and stress due to COVID-19 and the inability to interact with their natural supports. A support group was formed specifically for this prenatal and postnatal group.

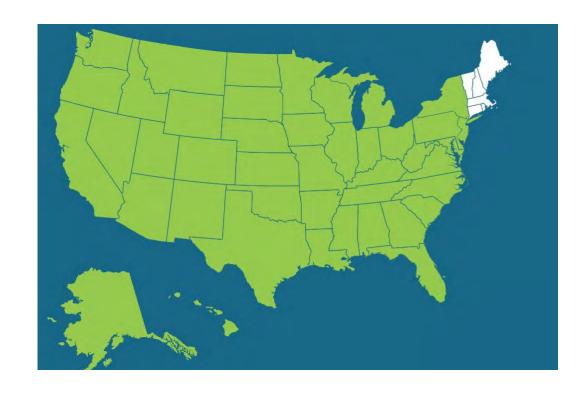
New Hampshire

\$500K filtered through an existing Community Action Program initiative (also funded with CARES money) specifically for rental/fee assistance for sober housing. \$450K for respite shelters for individuals awaiting residential treatment or other longer-term housing solutions. While in respite, individuals received support with identifying treatment options as well as addressing other social influencers of health.



Happening Now and on the Horizon

- ➤ SAMHSA Communities Talk
 - Sound of Your Voice
 - College Drinking Discussion Guides
 - Quick Start Planning Guide
- Certified Community Behavioral Health Centers (CCBHC)
- ➤ NIDA National Drug and Alcohol Facts Week
- Nationwide Mental Health Crisis And Suicide Prevention Number: 9-8-8
- National Guidelines for Behavioral Health Crisis
 Care
- Crisis Services: Meeting Needs, Saving Lives





New SAMHSA Training Centers to Support Healthcare Providers

African American Center of Excellence (AABH-COE)



Center of Excellence on LGBTQ+ Behavioral Health Equity (CoE LGBTQ+ BHE)



• The Homeless and Housing Resource Center (HHRC)



E4 Center of Excellence for Behavioral Health Disparities in Aging



National Family Support Technical Assistance Center (NFSTAC)

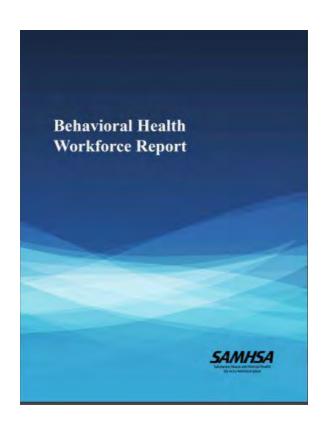


Peer Recovery Center of Excellence

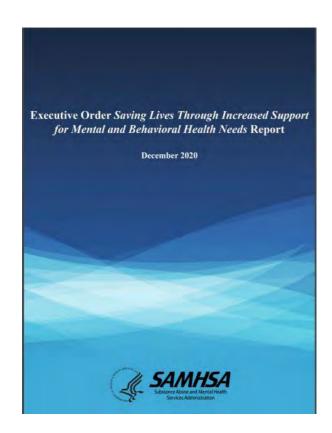




Newly Released Resources

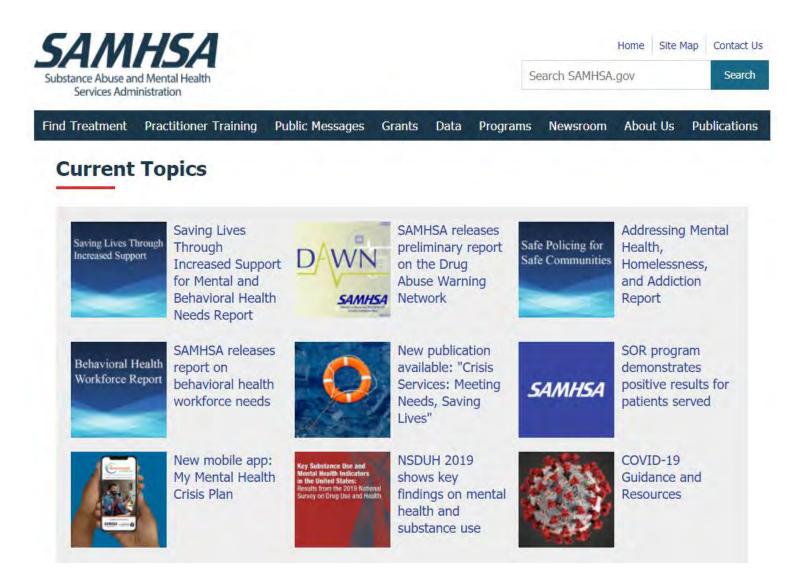


Preliminary Data from the Drug Abuse Warning Network - April 2019-October 2020 U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration Center for Behavioral Health Statistics and Quality





www.samhsa.gov



Thank You!

SAMHSA's mission is to reduce the impact of substance abuse and mental illness on America's communities.



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